# **POTATO DEXTROSE AGAR (7149)**

### Intended Use

Potato Dextrose Agar is used for the cultivation of fungi.

# **Product Summary and Explanation**

Potato Dextrose Agar is a general purpose medium for yeasts and molds that can be supplemented with acid or antibiotics to inhibit bacterial growth. It is recommended for plate count methods for foods, dairy products<sup>1-4</sup> and testing cosmetics.<sup>3</sup> It can be used for growing clinically significant yeast and molds.<sup>5</sup> The nutritionally rich base (potato infusion) encourages mold sporulation and pigment production in some dermatophytes.<sup>6</sup>

# **Principles of the Procedure**

Potato Dextrose Agar is composed of dehydrated Potato Infusion and Dextrose that encourage luxuriant fungal growth. Agar is added as the solidifying agent. Many standard procedures use a specified amount of sterile tartaric acid (10%) to lower the pH of this medium to  $3.5 \pm 0.1$ , inhibiting bacterial growth. Do not reheat the acidified medium, heating in the acid state will hydrolyze the agar.

# Formula / Liter

Potato Infusion (dehydrated)	4 g
Dextrose	20 g
Agar	15 g
Final all. F.C. L.O.2 of 25°C	•

Final pH: 5.6 ± 0.2 at 25°C

Formula may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications.

### **Precaution**

1. For Laboratory Use.

#### **Directions**

- 1. Suspend 39 g of the medium in one liter of purified water.
- 2. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for one minute to completely dissolve the medium.
- 3. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.

### **Quality Control Specifications**

**Dehydrated Appearance:** Powder is homogeneous, free flowing, and light beige.

**Prepared Appearance:** Prepared medium is clear to slightly hazy and pale to light yellow.

**Expected Cultural Response:** Cultural response on Potato Dextrose Agar at 25 - 35°C after 5 days of incubation.

Microorganism	Response	
Aspergillus niger ATCC® 16404	good growth	
Candida albicans ATCC® 10231	good growth	
Penicillium roquefortii ATCC® 10110	good growth	
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC® 9533	good growth	

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.

# **Test Procedure**

Pour Plate Methods<sup>1,3</sup>

- 1. Add 1 mL of test sample to a sterile petri dish.
- 2. Add the specified amount (10 or 20 mL) of sterile, molten agar (cooled to 45 50°C) and swirl gently to mix well. Allow to solidify.
- 3. Incubate at 22 25°C or 30 32°C (depending on the method being followed) for 5 days or longer.

# **Results**

Yeasts will grow as creamy to white colonies. Molds will grow as filamentous colonies of various colors. Count the number of colonies and consider the dilution factor (if the test sample was diluted) in determining the yeast and/or mold counts per gram or milliliter of material.

#### Storage

Store sealed bottle containing the dehydrated medium at 2 - 30°. Once opened and recapped, place container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light by keeping container tightly closed.

### **Expiration**

Refer to expiration date stamped on the container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if the appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

### **Limitation of the Procedure**

Due to nutritional variation, some strains may be encountered that grow poorly or fail to grow on this medium.

# **Packaging**

Potato Dextrose Agar	Code No.	7149A	500 g
		7149B	2 kg
		7149C	10 kg

### References

- Vanderzant, C., and D. F. Splittstoesser (eds.). 1992. Compendium of methods for the microbiological examination of food, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.
- 2. **Marshall, R. T. (ed.).** 1993. Standard methods for the microbiological examination of dairy products, 16<sup>th</sup> ed. American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.
- 3. **U.S. Food and Drug Administration.** 1995. Bacteriological analytical manual, 8<sup>th</sup>ed., AOAC International, Gaithersburg, MD.
- 4. **United States Pharmacopeial Convention.** 1995. The United States pharmacopeia, 23<sup>rd</sup> ed. The United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Rockville, MD.
- 5. Murray, P.R., E. J. Baron, M. A. Pfaller, F. C. Tenover, and R. H. Yolken (eds.). 1995. Manual of clinical microbiology, 6<sup>th</sup> ed. American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C.
- 6. **Mac Faddin, J. F.** 1985. Media for isolation-cultivation-identification-maintenance of medical bacteria, vol.1. Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore, MD.

### **Technical Information**

Contact Acumedia Manufacturers, Inc. for Technical Service or questions involving dehydrated culture media preparation or performance at (410)780-5120 or fax us at (410)780-5470.